

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00, if paid in advance.
Or \$2.50, if not paid in the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks;
for each count.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—Washington.

VOL. LIX.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1859.

NO. 48.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On the 14th day of October, inst., I will sell at Public Vendue, at Maria Farm, near Millersburg, Adams county, Pa., the following described Real Estate, viz:

The Mansion Farm, on which the Farmhouse was erected, containing 120 Acres, more or less. The quality of the land is naturally excellent, but has been badly cultivated. It has a fine over-hot water-power with a fine mill house. On it are erected a Two-story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, large Barn, Stables, Smoke-house, Grain-house, and other Out-buildings. THREE HOUSES AND LOTS near the Farmhouse, each having about 1 Acre of Ground adjoining them. Also, one House and Lot near C. Frey's, containing 6 Acres, more or less.

THE MCLELLAND TRACT, which is divided as follows:
No. 1, containing 17 Acres and 50 Perches,
No. 2, " 16 " 82 "
No. 3, " 10 " 35 "
No. 4, " 19 " 80 "
No. 5, " 22 " 93 "
No. 6, " 17 " 60 "

THE WELTY TRACT, which is divided as follows:
No. 1, containing 20 Acres,
No. 2, " 20 "
No. 3, " 25 "
No. 4, " 11 Acres, more or less.

THE MILLER TRACT, which is divided as follows:
No. 9, containing 34 Acres and 80 Perches,
No. 10, " 32 " 31 "
No. 11, " 27 " 66 "
No. 12, " 20 " 54 "
No. 13, " 29 " 40 "
No. 14, " 23 " 72 "
No. 15, " 25 " "
No. 16, " 24 " "
No. 17, " 24 " "
No. 18, " 23 " "
No. 19, " 25 " "
No. 20, " 22 " "
No. 21, " 26 " "
No. 22, " 25 " "
No. 23, " 25 " "
No. 24, " 25 " "
No. 25, " 25 " "
No. 26, " 25 " "
No. 27, " 25 " "
No. 28, " 25 " "
No. 29, " 30 " "
No. 30, " 30 " "
No. 31, " 30 " "
No. 32, " 30 " "
No. 33, " 30 " "

THE COCHRAN TRACT, which is divided as follows:
No. 1, containing 14 Acres and 80 Perches,
No. 2, " 10 " 110 "
No. 3, " 10 " 110 "
No. 4, " 17 " 77 "
No. 5, " 15 " 50 "
No. 6, " 15 " "
No. 7, " 11 " 112 "
No. 8, " 34 " 101 "
No. 9, " 24 " 94 "
No. 10, " 25 " 123 "
No. 11, " 20 " 40 "
No. 12, " 30 " 35 "
No. 13, " 18 " 129 "
No. 14, " 21 " 45 "
No. 15, " 19 " "

Most of the above lots are well covered with young and thriving Chestnut, fit for cutting, interspersed with a sufficient quantity of Locust for posts.

The terms are one-half of the purchase money on the 1st of April, 1860, and the balance on the 1st of April, 1861, to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned. If security be given for the payment of the purchase money immediate possession of the lots will be given.

The sale to commence precisely at 10 o'clock, on the morning of said day. The sale will be absolute. Every lot on which there is a bid will be struck off without regard to price. A plot of the land will be prepared and exhibited to those wishing to purchase.

THADDEUS STEVENS,
Oct. 3.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice, of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected; I, ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that the GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the Second Tuesday or OCTOBER NEXT, (viz. 11th), in the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Peter Lingenfelter, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of Widow Wiley, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Linn and Huntington, at the house of Caleb H. Hildebrand, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamilton and Liberty, at the Public School-house in Millersburg.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by Henry Hoffman, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of that part of Menallen not included in the Ninth district, at the public school-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Strasburg, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hantsburg.

house, in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hantsburg to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the public school-house in Hanover.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected One Auditor General;
One Surveyor General;
One Senator to represent the District composed of the Counties of Adams, Franklin and Fulton;

One County Treasurer;
One District Attorney;
One County Surveyor;
One Member of Assembly;
One County Commissioner;
One County Auditor; and
One Director of the Poor.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections in Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene and Erie, viz:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the said Senate and House of Representatives, that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at an election on one slip or ticket: Provided, The office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Attention is also directed to the following section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An act to provide for the election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives, or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors, and other officers; and the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and its several supplements, and all other laws like, as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to apply to the election for judges: Provided, That the afore-said election shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper.

SECTION 5. In and by virtue of the 4th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Senate or Council of either of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

Also, That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to elections, and for other purposes," approved April 1st, 1844, it is enacted that the aforesaid 18th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1829, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the act of the General Assembly of this State aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after the election, which shall be on Friday next, 11th or 12th of October aforesaid, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any person for the offices aforesaid.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff,
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg,
Sept. 12, 1859.

Jury List.
OCTOBER SPECIAL TERM.
Union—David F. Bair, Jacob Lohr.
York—George Lohr.
Hamilton—Levi Guise, John C. Ritts.
Huntington—Emanuel Smith, Philip Myers.
Lancaster—John C. Hesch, George Chroustler.
Menallen—Jacob B. Meals, John Burkholder.
John McKnight.
Gettysburg—John Gilbert, Charles X. Martin.
Strasburg—George Ehrhart.
Hantsburg—Christian Byers, Jos. Hershey.
Middletown—Abner Mills, Levi Golden.
Oxford—Daniel Heltzell, Franklin Hersh.
Reading—Henry Rummel, John Brough, Esq.
Liberty—Gregory P. Topper, Isaac Harner.
Middletown—N. Heltzell, Egbert Eckert.
Butler—Jacob Pater, John W. Bull.
Cumberland—J. Swisher, Cornelius Daugherty.
Franklin—Isaac Miesley, Daniel Kuhn, John Shunk, Barnabas Deardoff.
Berwick township—Jeremiah Bender.
Oct. 2.

Six Teachers Wanted.
THE School Directors of Hamilton township, will meet at the Church School-house, in the town of East Berlin, on Monday the 10th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of employing Teachers for the several Schools in said district.

Sept. 26.—[Ad.] D. HILDEBRAND Sec'y.

Choice Poetry.

THE OLD HOUSE.

There's a spot that I love, there's a home that I prize
Far better than any on earth;
It is bound to my heart by the holiest ties,
And I prize, oh, how dearly its worth!

Oh, not for its grandeur hath I loved—
But its fondest affection that binds it to me,
My old house—my dear happy home!

Oh, home! what dear music is in that sound!
How closely it speaks to my heart!
What a world of deep tenderness in those fond,
Old tones from such treasures could part!

Could harbor the joys of a sweet home of love
For a path in a strange world unknown—
Could seek for vain pleasures and heartless joys,
If they knew the true value of home!

Some sigh to be wealthy, some seek to be great,
Some envy what others can do;
But oh, I'm content in my lowly estate,
For the heart all around me is true.

And this that is nearest and dearest to me,
And hearts that are truly mine own,
With fondest affection now bind me to thee,
My old home—my dear happy home!

Illustrations.

"Kind Words Can Never Die."

Kind words can never die;
Gladness and cheer,
Old friends, how dear they are,
Stored in the heart.

How very few of us really know the value of kind words, or even think of the happiness they bring to those around us? We are too heedless of the words we speak, too apt to forget, in the joys and cares of our own lives, that there are others near, weary and suffering, to whom our kindness perhaps may come as rays of heaven's own sunlight, brightening and cheering into new life their worn-out spirits. We, who are young and thoughtless, just entering upon the realities of life—who have still around us the loving tones and soft smiles of friends—to whom the trials and weariness of our path on earth are yet unknown; however dear to us may be the gentle voices of love, however we may cherish the blessings of home—do not, cannot, know the full value of kind words. These only who have felt the want of them can know their inestimable worth. He who has wandered in foreign lands, far from home and friends; he who has lain sick and lonely beneath a distant sky, seeing around him only strange faces, and hearing only unknown tongues, can tell how more than welcome would have been the speech of his own land, heard in the kind, familiar tones of friendship.

"Kind words can never die." Though long years may have swept over the earth since the time when they were spoken, though the lips that gave them utterance may have long been hushed; the heart from which they flowed being long buried beneath the grave turf—yet they are not lost, their memory still lives a cherished and blessed influence from the past.

"Kind words make happy homes." That home alone, however high or lowly, is blessed where love and gentleness reign; for what are kind words but types of these heaven-born qualities? "From the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh;" and where kindly thoughts fill our inward life, the outward life will show them forth in kind and gentle words. They are the links in the chain which binds together the family that cluster around the fireside.

They are the guardian angels at the altars of domestic peace and happiness; the gentle ministering spirits that hover around the head of infant innocence, ever ready to gladden the heart by some mission of love; ever active to soothe the angry spirit of contention with the oil of their charity. Home is not home without them; when kind words are unheard in the dwelling, and all the graces that follow their footsteps have fled with them, then indeed is home no longer the resting-place of the heart. The sunlight of love has left the sky of life, and the dark night of sorrow is brooding over-head, starless and drear.

We need kind words all along our way on earth; in joy and sorrow; alike are they welcome at the wedding-feast, and the burial service. They are angel messengers to earth's weary children, rejoicing with them that do rejoice, and weeping with them that weep. As the evening dew-drops, coming down from the skies, fall upon the fair young flowers, freshening them into new life, so do the gentle voices of kindness come upon the human heart. And as the little summer streams, bubbling up in glad music, greet the coming of the cheering sunshine, so does the grateful spirit spring forth to meet their touch. Oh! could we only know how much of usefulness we need; how many we might bless with our sympathy; we should not be so sparing of it.

"Oh! does it not an idle thing,
An airy word to speak?
The look you wear, the thoughts you bring,
A heart may heal or break."

"Oh, Jacob," said a master to his apprentice, "it is wonderful to see what a quantity you can eat." "Yes, sir," said the boy; "I have been practicing ever since I was a child."

"I can't bear children," said Mrs. Prime disdainfully. Mrs. Partington looked over her spectacles mildly, and replied: "Perhaps if you could, you would like them better."

A young man who received a blowing-up from his sweetheart, retorted by calling her a wind-lass.

Flowers are the universal moralists; not one but has its lesson, its sermon, or its song.

"What's in a Name."

Coming up the river a few days since, an original Irishman was on board the steamer—one of those witty, genial fellows who are never at ease only when they are keeping those around them in the best of humor—and among the many rich notes he passed current was one which will "do to publish."

Our whimsical Yoric had inquired the name of every place along up, and had passed his judgment, in his own peculiar way, to the infinite delight of those around him, on the scenery and prospects of the country, often comparing them with places in and about Tyrone, Bantry, Cork, Drogheda, &c., "at home," informing them, by the way, that he was a member of the great O'Regan family, and descended from a long line of illustrious "aunt's sisters," when, on nearing Albany, the steamer Oregon hove in sight. Instantly he exclaimed: "O-r-e-g-o-n, O'Regan; or, be jabbers! not four weeks in the country yet, and a steamboat christened after me!" It is needless to add what followed.

MEETING OF CHIEFTAINS.—We see it stated that the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, has sailed from Bantry Bay, Ireland, for Vancouver's Island. Lieutenant-General W. R. Scott has sailed from New York for the same region. The two chieftains will therefore meet and represent their Governments in the San Juan difficulty. We do not know much about the military ability or the soldierly qualities of the British Commander-in-Chief; but were he equal to the mightiest of England's old heroes he would not be a taller warrior than the American Lieutenant-General. If the management of the San Juan affair be entrusted to the hands of these two soldiers, it will be settled amicably; for experienced soldiers are your best peace-makers, since none know so well as they do the horrors of war.—*St. Louis News.*

"My old nurse, Mrs. Patrick O'Tool," said cousin Jerry, "was a woman of logical mind. I was sick once, and the doctor sent me an atrociously bitter drug, which I rather declined taking. But Mrs. O'Tool carried the day. 'It's the doctor's orders,' cried that good lady: 'and if you don't go by the doctor's orders, it ain't no use for you to be sick at all. I swallowed my own scruples and the doctor's also.'"

"What was compensation Providence does afford," exclaimed a pretty belle during the gale of Wednesday; "the same wind that muzzes our eroline, blows dust in the eyes of the wicked young men who would take advantage of our admirable confusion." Philosophical young woman that, says an exchange.

GROWTH OF TEXAS.—The vote of Texas at the late election for Governor was about sixty-three thousand. In 1850, when Texas came into the Union, she polled about eight thousand. This shows an astounding increase in the population of the State.

SUMMER TRAVELING.—As a general thing this signifies racing around in the heat after a pack of women, fourteen hand-boxes, twenty-six trunks, thirty-one small bundles, twenty-nine large ones, fourteen carpet-bags, and no end of talk and complaint. You waste your time; carry the checks; pay the way; take the blame; do all the work; spend your money free, and get no thanks.

PROVOKING.—To dream you have lots of money, and then wake up and find yourself a printer.

DOUBTFUL AN HONEST SERMON.—The following is a funeral sermon lately preached in Ohio by a Buckeye clergyman: "I have been begged, importuned, and entreated to preach this 'ere sermon, but I don't want to do it. I never did like the man; I never knew nothing good of him. He had horses, and he ran them; he had cucks, and he fit them. I have heard he was occasionally good at fires. The hearers will please remove the body."

Friendship does not consist in words, in great dinners, or unmeaning smiles.—Show me the man who will break his last loaf with me, and I will call that man friend.

THE CAUSE OF OLD BACHELORHOOD.—What's good for one's good all round, in the long run, I'm no friend to young fellows marrying afore they know the difference between a crab and an apple; but they may wait o'er long. "Do be sure," said Mrs. Poyser, "if you go past your dinner time, there'll be little relish of your meat. You turn it o'er w' your fork, and don't eat it after all. You find fault w' your meat, and the faults 'r your own stomach."

Surely it is a privilege to be kissed by the breeze that has kissed all the pretty women in the world.

A person preaching a tiresome sermon on happiness or bliss, when he had done a gentleman told him he had forgotten one sort of happiness; "happy are they who did not hear your sermon."

A fellow who was caught beating his wife, excused himself by saying: "The treasure which we value most, we hide."

"There are less than two hundred soldiers of the Revolution now alive, and the number decreasing rapidly. In ten years it is probable that not one of the heroes of the 'times that tried men's souls' will be living."

An African's Rebuke of Irreligious Boys.

A gentleman passing near the meeting-house of the colored people of Whitestown, New-York, heard what is described below:

A long favored gentleman from Africa was closing up a prayer, and some white boys in a corner had the manners to laugh, so that the praying member heard them.—He had a moment before said very earnestly: "We pray that de Lord will bless all flesh dat is human," when the laugh occurred, and commencing again just before the amen, the old negro said: "We is not in de habit of adding postscripts to our prayers, but if de 'epression 'bress all dat is human,' wouldn't it be in de white feller's den, den we pray dat you will bress some wat ant human, also, besides."

AUTUMNAL.—We have now fully entered upon the sad, sweet season of the "sere and yellow leaf." The forest monarchs are rapidly being despoiled of their gorgeous diadems, and everything in nature indicates that summer's glories are "passing away." On every hand we behold evidences of the fact that—

"The melancholy days have come,
The saddest of the year."

And while we regret the departure of summer and its many scenes of beauty, we cannot but look with pleasure on the varied glories of autumn. The trees, which a little while ago were clad in bright green, are now changed to red, and yellow; and the gay flowers which gladdened the eye have withered away, yet we have the rich fruits of the tree and the vine, mellow and delicious to the taste. Yes, autumn, with its melancholy, still possesses many redeeming features.

SATISFIED IT CANNOT BE DONE.—A railroad engineer at Harrisburg, having been discharged, applied to be reinstated. "You were dismissed," said the superintendent, "for letting your train come twice into collision." "The very reason," said the other party, interrupting him, "why I ask to be restored." "How so?" "Why, sir, if I had any doubt as to whether two trains can pass each other on the same track, I am now entirely satisfied; I have tried it twice, sir, and it can't be done, and I am not likely to try it again." He regained his situation.

A RETORT DIRECT.—A clergyman from a neighboring town and one of his elderly parishioners were walking home from church one day last winter, when the old gentleman slipped and fell flat on his back. The minister, looking at him a moment, and being assured that he was not much hurt, said to him: "Friend, sinners stand on slippery places." The old gentleman looked up, as if to assure himself of the fact, and said: "I see they do; but I can't."

A LEGAL JOKE.—"Well, George," asked a friend of a lawyer, who had been admitted about a year, "how do you like your new profession?" The reply was accompanied by a brief sigh to suit the occasion. "My profession is much better than my practice."

A CHILLY FASHION.—An Indiana paper says, that the fever and ague is quite fashionable at Hobart—almost as much so as ladies' hoops.

Women often lose the men they love, and who love them, by mere wantonness or coquetry. They should be careful not to take this step hastily, for a proud, high minded, gifted man, will seldom ask a woman twice.

Fashionable circles were never so numerous as they are now. Almost every lady that appears in the street is the centre of one.

"Got any ice at your end of the table, Bill?"
"No; but I've got the next thing to it."

"What's that?"
"A severe cold."

"Are you looking for any one in particular?" as the man said when he saw the cat looking at him.

An Irishman was about to marry a Southern girl for her property. "Will you take this woman to be your wedded wife?" said the minister. "Yes, your reverence, and the wages too," said Pat.

Lord Byron once said: "You never know a man's temper until you have been imprisoned on board of a ship with him, or a woman's until you have married her."

Lord Bacon beautifully said; If a man be gracious to strangers, it shows he is a citizen of the world, and that his heart is no island cut off from the other lands, but a continent that joins them.

"Where shall I put this paper so as to be sure of seeing it to-morrow?" inquired Mary Jane, of her brother Charles.—On the looking glass, was the prompt reply.

"What's o'clock, Pat?" inquired a traveler.
"Next to nothing," answered the Milesian, with great confidence.

"What do you mean?" asked the traveler.
"Not quite one," replied Pat; "and it follows in course that what isn't one is next to nothing."

A HARD SPELL.—The following notice written on the door of a school house in Rutland Street, would seem to indicate that "schoolmaster is abroad;" Kea at the woden house necks dor."

A Camp Utah correspondent of The Boston Traveler says that polygamy stalks abroad in all its horrid forms, in the presence of Judges of the United States Courts and the Army.

The young women of the Territory are daily being married, to grey-headed old men, that have already six, ten, and twelve wives each, and a score or two of children. Your correspondent, a short time since, dined with a Mormon family in the vicinity of Springville, where there were seventeen children under the age of four years. The family consists of ten wives; three of the number were sisters and the nieces of the husband; a fourth niece, only thirteen years of age, openly boasted that she shortly was going to marry the same old blue-head.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—Hugh McGowan was instantly killed at Lincolnton, Bucks co., Penn'a, a few days ago, by the premature explosion of a blast. He was blown one hundred feet high, and fell into a field twenty-five yards from the quarry. One hand and one arm were found seventy-five yards from the body, and fragments of clothing, and pieces of his body were scattered over nearly an acre of ground.

REMARKABLE CASE OF HONESTY.—Last Friday forenoon, a gentleman belonging to New-York city, lost a package containing the amount of \$4000, either in the cars or on the Jersey City Ferry boat. The package was marked "For deposit in — Bank." As soon as he discovered his loss, he set about searching for the package, but without success. After much effort, and deep anxiety, he went to the bank and found that the amount had been duly deposited by some person unknown.

A trial has just terminated in England, resulting in establishing a law relative to kissing. A gentleman undertook to kiss a lady because she said he couldn't. A tussle ensued, both fell on the floor and in the melee she bit the man's nose off—but did not get kissed. He brought a suit for damages, and the court ruled that a man has no right to run any such risk with his nasal organ unless he was willing to stand what damages might come from such a trial of strength.

ENTERPRISING WOMEN.—In the town of Pekin, N. Y., resides Samuel Roberts, with his wife Salina, and their four daughters. They occupy a farm of a hundred acres, the work of which, such as plowing, logging, planting, hoeing, taking care of teams, &c., has during the last years, been performed by the mother and daughters.—The eldest daughter, aged eighteen, plowed twenty acres, and one of the young sisters dragged in the grain.

A son of Josiah Tate, of Tufourborough, N. H., aged 12 years, purchased three ounces of powder at the village store, and put it in the pocket of his pantaloons, in which were friction matches. On his way home the matches got on fire and communicated with the powder, which exploded, terribly burning him. He lingered nine days, when death set him free from his terrible sufferings.

A brute, in New-York, beat his wife on Friday night last, and got punished as all brutes who beat their wives should be. In trying to escape from an officer, who was attracted to the spot by the poor woman's cries, he fell down stairs, and broke his leg in two places.

A DEAD GOVERNMENT.—The amount of money paid by the city of New York, from January to September of this year, for expenses in conducting its government, is \$14,000,000, being one million more than the expenditures of the Federal Government under President J. Quincy Adams, which was so furiously held up to public condemnation, by his opponents, for its extravagance.

A man who was arrested at Detroit, a few days ago, disguised in female garments, proved to be a horse-thief who broke jail at Whitby, Ontario county, about thirty miles east of Toronto, and assumed the disguise of a female the more readily to effect his escape.

Fulton applied steam to the great practical uses of the age; Morse has brought Galvanism to be the daily servant of millions of men. Newton unravelled the mazes of the stars, and made their motions the mariner's guide on the trackless ocean. What these men have done in their departments, Dr. Ayer does in medicine. He turns the great discoveries in Science and Physics to use in the cure of disease, and makes the occult discoveries of the great chemists available for the wants of every day life. His medicines, by the low prices at which they are sold, bring within the reach of every man the best wisdom and the best skill of modern times. [Wilmington, Del. "Statesman."]

It is no novelty to have snow in winter, yet the newspapers rarely fail to chronicle such an event. Here, however, is something worthy of record:

There was a severe snow storm in the White Mountain district last Wednesday, and the snow is a foot deep in some places above the ledge, on the path from the glen. The old residents say that never since 1816 and 1817, has there been weather of equal severity at so early a period in the season."

The Democracy have undisputed sway in South Carolina. In that State foreigners must be naturalized two years before they can vote, and three years before they can hold office. That beats the Massachusetts "proscription" about which the Democracy make such a clamor.

EMANCIPATION IN MISSOURI.—The St. Louis Christian Advocate, remarking upon the large immigration which is flowing in upon Missouri, and the development of resources, construction of railroads, establishment of seminaries and colleges, and erection of churches, that will follow the movement, says: "Undersuchan impulse as this, it does not require a prophet's eye to foresee the destiny of Slavery. There is not an element of its being that can long subsist under the presence of these combined forces. Our wisest statesmen, our shrewdest business men, our educators and journalists, all alike promise the approaching downfall and dissolution of the institution, and all alike unite in hailing the dawn of that glorious day."

IMPUDENT THIEVES.—The Waynesboro' (Pa.) Record says:

Mr. Elie Harbaugh, an aged citizen, informs us that he was compelled to stand by his grape vines with his gun until 2 o'clock on Sunday morning last, to prevent parties from carrying off his grapes, and that during the time they assailed him with bricksbats and stones.

"Can't you credit me, Mr. Trencher, for a little meat this morning?" "No, you owe me for that already on your bones."

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Prussians Running Away to America.

In the accounts which are kept of the births and deaths in Prussia, and in which the great exactness is observed, it appears that at the late census there were 52,678 persons who were unaccounted for, and it is of course suspected that the difference arises from the number of young men who have clandestinely left the country during the last three years to avoid the military service to which they would otherwise have been exposed, or from the number of persons who have in the same period emigrated to other lands without having obtained that permission which the law requires; and it is not improbable that the deficiency may, to a certain extent, have arisen from both causes, for of late years many young men have been brought before the courts for having, during the last year, evaded their share of military duty; and it was well known, also, that the number of irregular emigrants has latterly very greatly increased.

Nor is it to be expected that it should be otherwise, when emigration is carried on upon so large a scale as is now the case at Bremen, where it is almost impossible to make all who wish to embark undergo the minute scrutiny that would be required, as will at once be admitted when it was known that, during last week, the emigrants from that port alone amounted to upwards of 2,500—of whom 656 embarked in the steamer New York for the United States, which thus, with her crew and engineers, had upwards of 800 souls on board, besides a large mail and more than 800 tons of goods; and although this may be considered little when compared with the great things that are anticipated in England from the Great Eastern, it is, nevertheless, far beyond anything that was ever expected to have been accomplished from any of the ports of Northern Germany.

RAVAGES OF THE BEARS IN WISCONSIN.—Our Wisconsin exchanges continue to be filled with startling accounts of the ravages of the bears. The whole State appears to be swarming with these ferocious wild animals, and the inhabitants are becoming alarmed for their safety. The bears no longer confine their visit to farmers' pig pens, but boldly approach their dwellings and apply for admittance at kitchen doors and bed-room windows. Public bear-hunts are got up in various parts of the State, for the purpose of driving away the varmints and protecting the inhabitants. The Manitowish Tribune thinks the theory that they have been driven from the north, by scarcity of food, into the settlement, is a plausible one. "Long continued drought and extensive fires have prevented the usual supply of mast, and Bruin does not object to a dish of corn, a nip of real, a rasber of bacon, or even a fat baby, when acorns are scarce."

The California Elections.

St. Louis, Oct. 3.—The overland mail from San Francisco on the 9th of September has arrived. The State election resulted in the undoubted choice of Milton S. Latham (Lecompton Democrat) for Governor, by a very large majority—perhaps 20,000. Messrs. Scott and Burick are probably elected to Congress, although their opponents, Messrs. Baker and McKibben, have the benefit of a slight chance. With these possible exceptions, the Democratic Lecompton State ticket is elected by increased majorities. Both branches of the Legislature are largely Democratic.

At Hickman, Kentucky, two desperate men, named Hedgefoot and Smith, who had frequent quarrels, met near a wood, both being armed. Hedgefoot told Smith to prepare to be shot, discharged his gun in his stomach, and dodged behind a tree. Smith, unable to stand, wilted and waited. In about five minutes Hedgefoot looked out to see if he was dead, and Smith put a load through his head, killing him instantly. Smith died next day. That finished up the quarrel.

The Revival in Ireland continues to spread. Scotland and Wales are now awaking, and England itself is welcoming the gracious visitations. Even France begins to look up. There is a prospect that this new interest will be more telling in the United Kingdom than it was in this country. These examples of spreading religious excitement show how rapid and pervading the power of the gospel may yet become among the nations. The Protestant world seems now more than ever to be praying, "Thy kingdom come." It will yet come and fill all the world.

THIS ACCIDENT AT ALBION, N. Y.—It appears that the terrible bridge accident at Albion, N. Y., was a result of the rope-walking mania. A man had caused a rope to be stretched across the canal and announced his intention to walk over upon it. The point selected for his performance was a few rods from the bridge, an iron arched structure, similar to most of the new canal bridges. The rope-walker had crossed half way, when the bridge, which was crowded with people and teams, broke in two at the centre, and men, women, children, horses and wagons were precipitated indiscriminately into the canal. Fifteen dead bodies have been recovered.

A lady came near losing her life by a singular accident, in Louisville, while riding in a buggy. One end of a scarf which she wore around her shoulders blew off, and was caught in the spokes of one of the rapidly revolving wheels of the vehicle, and wound up in such a manner as to draw her neck down on the wheel, choking her severely. Some gentlemen who were standing on the street stopped the buggy and relieved her from her perilous position.

Hope for Delaware.

The Peninsular (Del.) News says the prospect that Delaware is soon to be a free State, is turning the attention of many emigrants thither from the north, as a suitable place to locate in. We fancy however that the freedom of Delaware will be the result rather than the cause of emigration thither. The prosperity and grandeur of Delaware will date from the act of legislation abolishing slavery, though now scarcely more than nominally existing elsewhere than in Sussex county. In East county, some time ago, with here and there a slave, a landed proprietor said to us, "the slaves are entirely too thick here and we are glad to hear that they are bringing high prices South, as that will be likely to thin them off."

The Governor of Kansas has decided that ladies may vote on the adoption of the new constitution.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.
CETTSBURG:
MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1859.
THE PEOPLE'S STATE TICKET.
FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
Thomas E. Cochran, of York.
FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Wm. H. Keim, of Berks.
PEOPLE'S COUNTY TICKET.
SENATOR,
A. K. McClure, of Franklin County.
ASSEMBLY,
SAMUEL DUBROWAW, Mountjoy.
COMMISSIONER,
JACOB RESSER, Hamilton.
DIRECTOR,
CHRIST. MUSSELMAN, Hamilton.
AUDITOR,
JACOB S. HOLLINGER, Tyrone.
SURVEYOR,
JOHN CUNNINGHAM, Freedom.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
WM. B. MCLELLAN, Gettysburg.
TREASURER,
E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Gettysburg.

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WM. B. MCLELLAN, Gettysburg.
TREASURER,
E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Gettysburg.

We publish our paper in advance of the regular day, to have a few words with our readers before the important election of Tuesday next. We hope they will do their duty then and there.

County Superintendent.
JOHN C. ELLIS, Esq., of New Oxford, has been appointed Superintendent of Common Schools for this County, in the room of Mr. McILWENT, deceased. Mr. ELLIS carries into the office very considerable experience as a teacher—which, added to his well cultivated mind, renders his appointment a highly creditable one.

Once More Ahead.
Our good old staunch, Whig friend, **JACOB WEIKERT**, went ahead in the Apple line a short time ago—not a Democratic article coming near him. He will always be ahead, and right, in his nice fruit, as well as in his politics. He handed to us last week, two Mammoth Pears, one of which weighs one pound, and measures 12 inches in circumference. Four Democratic brethren can beat that, they will please let us know it. He will be ahead in this, as the People's party will be on the 11th. His pear is a plumper, as his vote will be at the election.

We know that the masses of the Democratic party, although sustaining by their votes political principles adverse to the true interests of the country, are in the main honest, and acting sincerely, but in error through the machinations of demagogue leaders. This, however, is no excuse for their action in sustaining those who mislead them, and sacrifice the true policy of our Government. They should read—they should reflect—upon the serious consequences of their action. If they do so, we feel confident that they would at once cease to act under the deceptive lead of those men who are bringing trouble and distress upon our country. Honest Democrat! Think what you are doing! If you do reflect, with the baleful effects of the Buchanan destructive policy in full view before your eyes, you surely—surely cannot vote for the present leaders of that party, but will at once strike for what is good and upright, in the support of the candidates of the People's Party, whose principles have borne the test of years of scrutiny, and are destined to lead our country on to prosperity and happiness.

Our neighbor up street appears to be terribly concerned in his mind, lest Mr. RESSER should get into the Board of Commissioners, and be a "check" upon his sovereignty there. It is well known now, at least we have it from some of his own party, that he assumes the direction there of "matters and things" generally; and no wonder he feels sore at the idea of being removed from his lofty elevation, and brought down to a "level" with us common folks.

The Editor of the *Compiler* tried very hard to keep from Mr. McPherson the honor he has won. We suppose we cannot, therefore, calculate on his support for "higher honors" for that gentleman. There is one truth we wish to impress upon that Editor, however, that his wishes shall not be consulted in a contingency of that kind.

We invite attention to the advertisement of **SHADES, BUEHLER & KURTZ** in another column. This firm, with that spirit of enterprise which has all along characterized them, have recently connected with their Store Establishment, the manufacture, on a large scale, of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, having secured for that purpose the services of Mr. **GEORGE E. BUEHLER**, who is known as an experienced workman. They have a magnificent Ware-Room, with an assortment of Stoves and House-furnishing Goods, well worth a call to see it. They have also just put up, in the Coal and Lumber-yard, a very fine six-ton Scale, for their own use and the accommodation of the public. They will have facilities for weighing Cattle, which has long been a want in our town. The location of the Scales, with the facilities for driving in and out of the yard, is admirable.

The Great Democratic Meeting.

We really felt grieved for our Democratic friends of the Borough on account of the meagre appearance of their meeting in the Square on Wednesday night. We saw they were disappointed, and holding them in high estimation, we were sorry to find them so much disappointed in their expectations of a great display. More particularly did we sympathize with Judge NILL, and Mr. DOUGLAS, of Chambersburg, who expected to have somebody to talk to. They, however, did their parts as well as could be expected under the circumstances. The Citizens' Band paraded the streets for an hour or two, and, as they always do, discoursed very pretty music; but their sweet strains could not reach the country, and but very—very few out of the town appeared to listen to the speeches—baldy and pleasant as was the moonlight evening. It was, indeed, a "very small concern"—and the speakers and "leaders" felt it. The "People's Party" were about, however, and listened to the speeches that were made, with much decorum, although there was much that was unbecomingly untrue, and a great deal of which reflected but little credit on the speakers.

Mr. DOUGLAS led off in a speech against his respectable opponent, Mr. MCCLURE, and he really disappointed us. We had, from our previous, though but slight acquaintance with him, supposed he could not have made the perversion of truth that he did. His principal attack upon Mr. MCCLURE was his concern in the sale of the Public Works. This measure, which has now obtained so much popularity in the State, was attacked; and villainous corruption was insinuated, and amongst others he "intimated" that Mr. MCCLURE knew very much about it. It is now too late in the day to assail this measure. The gradual payment of the State Debt, and the consequent reduction of the State Tax, are such palpable truths to our Tax-payers, that all Mr. Douglas charged against Mr. MCCLURE, for his concern in the sale, was in favor of the latter, and will increase his vote in Adams. This was his principal theme, and when he ceased, not one voice was raised in approbation—all was dead silence, until, after a little interval, the "Band" struck up a lively air. That *silence* was the "cut direct" to the speaker. In fact, it was such a wishy-washy affair, that no wonder no sound of approval would follow it.

Judge NILL then mounted the stand, and was received with some cheers—which contrasted strangely with the silence of the few moments before, at the conclusion of Mr. DOUGLAS' address. We felt much for the contemptuous action of the Democracy for their candidate for State Senator. We fancied it was symptomatic of the defeat which awaits him on Tuesday.

The Judge went on in a very patriotic strain—and talked of the great prosperity of our country at present—how splendidly everything was moving on under Mr. Buchanan's administration, &c. &c. Well, we must be permitted to say, that not one man within the sound of his voice, thought this was correct—neither did they believe that his assertion that the increased compensation of members of Congress was done by Americans and Republicans, for every man that is familiar with the history of Congress knows that the Democrats have had control of the Senate of the U. States for years. We were surprised at the boldness of the Judge in making such a declaration in the face of a community that knows better. He went on in a strain about Slavery, which was very hard to be understood—we could scarcely say whether he was for "Squatter Sovereignty"—Douglas, Buchanan, or any other man's principles—it was a mixed-up concern, and we could not prepare a regular synopsis of it. The Tariff was next touched upon—and he was on all sides here too. Honest Tom COCHRAN he could not say a word against—he was every thing represented of him, as well as Gen. KEIM; but he said that the Democratic candidates were both very good men too. He next went into the sale of the Public Works, and the extinguishment of so much of the Public Debt. He acknowledged that the latter was in regular process, but, very cunningly, he insinuated that it was owing much to the increase in value of the property of the State. He must have supposed his hearers had never read, or else he thought them intellectually weak. His *rygarole* about the Sunbury and Erie Railroad we really could not understand—neither, we venture to say, did any others of his hearers. But when he endeavored to convince those who listened to him, in the face of facts known and believed by the people, that the sale of the Public Works has not already reduced the Public State Debt, and is continuing to do so, and that those who have lent a helping hand thereto do not deserve the support of the people, he must calculate very strongly upon the credulity of the voters of Adams, whom he came over to enlighten on Wednesday night. He "intimated" something about corruption at Washington and Harrisburg, and there were some men somewhat suspected of bad behavior, and lugged in Arnold, Andre, and the captors of the latter. He brought forward and advocated some abstract principles, which were very correct—but where the shoe pinched, he did not say—whether himself, whilst he was there, or any other individual. He cautiously avoided any particular explanation of what he meant. He then got to the "Extra Pay" question—but he said nothing new on the subject. The whole matter be-

ing perfectly understood here, we need give no sketch of his remarks. At the conclusion of his speech one or two voices gave a cheer—the number of his party being very limited around. The "Band," however, came to the relief of mortified feeling, and cheered up the People, that had become somewhat tired of listening to the uninteresting harangue.

Our young friend, Mr. DUNCAN, followed. His opening was a *quer* one. He burst out at once with the solemn fact, that Henry Clay was dead—and then that the Whig party died with him and rested on his grave—and that out of its glorious remains sprung up other parties. He mentioned some; but when he named the *Canaille*, the Rag, Tag & Bob-tail, amongst them, we thought it beneath what we had supposed was the chaste style of the orator, and we regretted to see him descend from the elevated platform on which we had placed him. He had a variety of remarks about the Press, and the honorable and dishonorable conduct of those who have the control of it. From his political feeling, we thought at first the latter was intended for us; but as he went on, it so well fitted our friend of the *Compiler* that we gave up at once that, in the honesty of his character, he had become so convinced of the want of truthfulness of the latter, that he must give him a rebuke. He deserved the censure; and we were gratified to find Mr. D. inflict it on him. His other remarks were of a general and diffusive character, composed of Goddesses, children, cradles, chaplets, Democracy, speeches, &c. &c.—some of them dying, and some not—"Shake not thy gory locks at me—then canst not say I did it." The orator concluded in a blaze of glory. One cheer—and then the Band struck up.

The Editor of the *Compiler* next took the stand. He, of course, went on in his usual style of what has been termed "gasconading." He had been all over the County, and he knew what was going on. He found a "hornet's nest" had been stirred up—and they were going to do wonderful things. He had his money with him to bet on Durboraw's votes, and he had it with him now, ready to bet. He was not all "fuss and feathers," as he dubbed Gen. Scott once—but he was indeed "fuss and bluster." We were about to notice some things in his ill-natured, vindictive, and most extraordinary speech—but it was, really, such a *quer* affair, that we could not keep pace with it. It was an attempt at wit, and occasionally he could get a laughing response; but it became tiresome finally, and he could not at last raise much sound of approval, and he stopped.

CHARLES WILL, Esq., who was defeated last year by Mr. DUBROWAW, was called up, and, full of revenge, and ill-feeling, on account of that defeat, and very contrary to his usual character, said a great many hard things about Mr. DUBROWAW, because he had given to the Adams County Treasury the \$200 he felt was not in honesty belonging to him, on account of the pledges he had given in the matter. He "intimated" that it was "bribery." Mr. WILL knows Mr. DUBROWAW; and he knows that the latter has not his superior in honesty and integrity in Adams county; and, knowing this fact, it would have been creditable to him to have refrained from any such remark. We were sorry to hear Mr. WILL's words in regard to this affair. He went on to talk about the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, and made an attempt at Col. MCCLURE—but it was a FAILURE. He "wished the Col. was here to-night," but it was well for him he was not, or he would have shrunk from uttering what he did. He tried to excite a laugh about the "Extra Pay"—but it was what was termed by our neighbor of the *Compiler*, "a fizzle." The truth of the matter is, that Mr. WILL is not at all pleased that he did not go to the Legislature last year, because the people had more confidence in Mr. DUBROWAW than in him, and he wishes to "let out a little of his venom." He continued his remarks upon a variety of topics for a very—very long time, till we suppose they became very tiresome to the few that remained.

Thus ended the great Democratic meeting—and, as we remarked before, it was a very "slim concern," and its "getters-up" felt chagrined on account thereof.

During the night a fine bracing north-westerly blow up, and the next morning our corner was completely purified from all the miasma that had vitiated its wholesome atmosphere on the previous night.

No Time to be Lost.
Prepare to breast the storm! Do not sleep at your post! The battle will be a fierce one! Every man must aid, to the whole extent of his ability, in carrying the day. Do not stop to discuss political issues with confirmed Democrats. You cannot convince such men. There is notime to be lost, in such a manner. Go to work early on the election day. Work all day, and at night, when the victory is won, you can repose upon your laurels. Every advantage will be taken of you. Be on the alert—He watchful. Remember that there is no time to be lost upon election day. Poll all the doubtful votes early in the day. Show your hesitating neighbor the necessity of his voting—the reason why he should vote our whole ticket. Point out to tax-payers who are their true friends: who have befriended them already and can be trusted for the future. Let no man halt between two opinions. Let none loiter by the way. Say to all such—there is no time to be lost.

Mr. Durboraw.

Our neighbor of the *Compiler*, in his last week's issue, has occupied much of his paper with attempts to blind the eyes of the people of Adams County as to the truth of Mr. DUBROWAW's action in regard to the \$700 compensation bill. He belabors us terribly and calls us *very hard names*, because we choose to look at things as they were, and TELL THE TRUTH. Why, neighbor *Compiler*, every one who has at all read the truth in regard to Mr. DUBROWAW's action, is perfectly aware and fully convinced that he carried out to the fullest extent every pledge he made respecting the matter. It is useless to waste words with the *Compiler* on the subject, for the articles in that paper of last week are such a perversion of the truth, that all any truth-telling man could say would be lost upon that Editor, and no other person believes what he utters in politics. Mr. DUBROWAW fulfilled every pledge he made—the people know it, and will sustain him triumphantly.

The *Compiler* "takes us to task" about Mr. DUBROWAW at one time belonging to the American order, and taking obligations, &c. That is a pretty way to talk to us. We never belonged to what was termed a Know-Nothing organization—we know nothing of its obligations, its secrets, its action—we know not whether Mr. Durboraw ever did belong to the society or not, nor do we care—we have known him for many years as a "fair, straight-forward man," a man of the highest reputation for integrity—a man that will ever do what an enlightened conscience will dictate to him, and cannot be induced to swerve from honest action by any consideration. So much for our connection with Mr. Durboraw in that particular. We wish we could say as much for the "fairness" of some other men—their words might carry more weight with them than they do.

Poll the Vote.

On Tuesday next, the 11th, every man must do his duty. The aged, the infirm, the feeble should be brought out. The young, vigorous, active members of the party should appoint themselves, each of them, a committee of one, to assist in carrying out such measures as are necessary to poll the vote. Do not permit one vote to be absent. Poll the whole vote of each and every district. We have the satisfaction of knowing that we have the power, if we exert it, to elect our whole ticket. We can only do so by polling the whole vote. Let every man who is at all able to go be taken to the polls, attend, and vote the clean ticket—the People's ticket, without scratching a name upon it.

The Legislature.

While it is important that the candidates on the State Ticket should be elected by an overwhelming majority, the victory would be incomplete unless we secured the Legislature. In a local sense the latter is the more important. The members decide questions in which the dearest rights of the People are involved. They have it in their power to shut off the flood-gates of corruption and extravagance, and to keep the tax burthens of the People within bounds. Often much political power and patronage is at their disposal. They elect the State Treasurer, through whose hands—for good or evil—the funds of the Commonwealth pass. It is an important post. They also select persons to represent the State in the United States Senate. Vacancies may occur, and they may be called upon to discharge this duty at any time. In a political point of view it will be seen that this is an important matter.

The Struggle.

Tuesday next will be election day. Before our paper again reaches our subscribers, the contest will be over. The result in Pennsylvania is looked forward to with intense interest. "As goes Pennsylvania so goes the Union." Remember this. Aside from the political considerations involved in the struggle, it should be remembered that the candidates of the People's Party for Auditor General and Surveyor General, Messrs. COCHRAN and KEIM, are gentlemen of eminent capacity for their respective stations. As men, no one has been found to impeach their honor or integrity, and their election would be some guaranty that the interests of the People would be guarded with scrupulous care. With Mr. COCHRAN, the candidate for Auditor General, we have long enjoyed the pleasure of a personal acquaintance. His services in the cause of good government have been active and disinterested, and no citizen of the State better deserves some mark of the gratitude and confidence of his fellow citizens. Of Mr. KEIM scarcely less could be said. Their election only requires the combined efforts of the friends of sound principles. The prospect of their election is most cheering. The ranks of the "Democracy" are much divided throughout the State, and if united there should be no difficulty in routing them "horse, foot and dragoons."

Foreign Goods are pouring into New York at the rate of millions. We will bring up at another financial crisis, if we are not careful.

The exports of specie from New York during week before last amounted to over THREE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, and the steamers of the 1st took out more than a MILLION!

Mr. Diehl.

This gentleman either did, or he did not, vote for Mr. WILL at the election last year. As we mentioned last week, we have it on the authority of a gentleman whose name is proverbial in Adams for truth and integrity, that Mr. DIEHL declared to him he had not voted for CHARLES WILL. We had a conversation with the latter gentleman within a day or two, and he tells us he believes that Mr. Diehl did vote for him—but he would not say that Mr. D. did not tell our informant that he did not. Now, WE KNOW that Mr. DIEHL did tell the gentleman alluded to, that he did not vote for Mr. WILL; and we agree with Mr. WILL, that it was dishonorable so to say, for the purpose of getting a vote, when he did not do so, supposing the fact to be as related by our informant. Mr. Diehl can take any horn of the dilemma that pleases him. If he did not vote for Mr. Will, he has been deceiving him; if he did, he told the very worthy gentleman to whom we allude above, and to several others, what was not correct, for the purpose of obtaining their votes. In this situation we leave the matter.

Another Falsehood Detected.

Every one knows that our *Compiler* friend up street will "fil" it very much—indeed we find that not the least confidence is placed in what he does say about election times. It is well, however, when he tells *base-fac'd falsehoods*, to corner him by facts. In his last Monday's paper he makes the bold declaration that he had examined the Duplicates in the Commissioners' office, of which he has complete supervision, (so say his party friends,) and there found that Mr. JACOB RESSER's name could not be found on the Tax list prior to 1857—and makes a flourish of trumpets in reference to making such a man Commissioner of the County. Now we happen to have before us, as we write, the following receipt:

"East Berlin, Oct. 14, 1856.
"Received of Jacob Reiser Twelve Dollars and Ninety-five Cents, State and County Tax for the year Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-six."
DANIEL BURHART, Collector.

Was 1856 prior to 1857, *Compiler*, or was it not? If it was, somebody up street told a "fil." Documents, like facts, are hard things to get over or around.

The State Ticket.

We receive from all parts of the State confident assurances that the united forces of the Opposition are moving forward to certain victory. There is an intense desire on the part of the people throughout the State to rebuke and overthrow the Buchanan dynasty; and if they are not overtaken by the supineness which grows out of over confidence, and thereby induced to substitute the will for the deed, the rebuke will be more terrible and scathing than last year. We appeal, therefore, to our friends everywhere, and particularly in Adams, to lay aside every thing like apathy or inactivity, and buckle on their armor for a decisive encounter. The enemy is organizing secretly and quietly, and expects to steal a march upon you. Forewarned is forearmed.

Are You Ready?

Every man of the People's Party has a duty to perform. He knows that the great good of the country, its vital interests, are at stake upon the coming election; he knows and feels that it is his duty to abandon all personal and private feelings, for the good of those interests; he knows that the men upon our ticket are all "good and true," of sterling integrity, sound principles, reliable and capable, and will carefully watch over every interest intrusted to their keeping; he knows that by a full vote the People's Party can carry the County and the State. What, then, is his duty? He would be derelict to every principle of right, did he not, under these important, heart-stirring circumstances, do his utmost to carry out to the full his duty. Let no one hereafter have one cause of remorse for not having done his duty on the 11th. Let no one be inactive on the day of election—our glorious principles are worth one day's work, and our excellent County Ticket worth the efforts of every true friend of honesty and good government. ARE YOU READY? ARE YOU READY? If so, get out the FULL VOTE, and thus insure a GLORIOUS VICTORY!

THE MAIN ISSUE.

We agree with a contemporary, that the issue before the people at the coming election is so clear that "he who runs may read." All who are satisfied with the present condition of things—all who think the times are good enough for them—all who are in favor of sending our coin out of the country to support foreign labor and enrich foreign capitalists, while our own workshops are closed, and our mechanics and laborers are in need of bread to support their famishing children;—in short, all who are in favor of *low wages and no work* at that, should support the Buchanan ticket and endorse the MAN and the measures by which the country has been brought into its present deplorable condition. On the other hand, all who are in favor of such a change in the Tariff as will give constant employment to the industrious laborer and mechanic, at such rates as will enable them to sustain their dependent families; all who are opposed to the "one man" power which now rules at Washington; all who are in favor of free Territory for free white men—should support the only ticket whose election will be felt at Washington, and cause to tremble in its boots an Administration so "weak in the knees," that it only needs another blow such as it received last Fall, to extinguish the little vitality still remaining in it.

The Day is at Hand.

FRIENDS OF OUR PROSTRATE INDUSTRY! Thousands upon thousands of our own hardy sons, who are seeking employment in vain, and whose families are beggared, plead with you to redeem them from the terrible thralldom of Free Trade, by your votes. The Farmer, whose lands are depreciated in value; the Mechanic, whose hammers and planes lie idle in his workshop; the Merchant, who is oppressed because oppression is universal; the Manufacturer, whose rude music has been silenced, whose fires have gone out, and whose labor has been scattered upon a desolated country; and the laborer whose strong arms are paralyzed and whose willing heart is clouded with despair, because FREE TRADE has poured the full measure of its blight upon our beloved land—all these have a common cause that demands their best energies—a common country to restore to wealth, happiness and prosperity.

FRIENDS OF ECONOMY! Your National debt is increasing at the rate of One Million per week! Our present Free Trade Administration found our Treasury overflowing; it had a surplus of \$25,000,000. Now the Treasury is beggared—the surplus is squandered—Twenty Millions of Treasury notes have been issued, and Twenty Millions additional of a direct loan have been loaded upon our suffering country. With a revenue of scarcely Fifty Millions, our expenditures reach One Hundred Millions; and yet not a voice has been heard from the Administration, or its humblest advocate in Congress, demanding that our Tariff be increased, so as to at once replenish our Treasury, avert the appalling increase of our debt, and revive our prostrate industry.

FRIENDS OF THE PAYMENT OF OUR STATE DEBT! The rich fruits of the sale of the Public Works is manifest by the official proclamation of a few weeks ago, showing the payment of over ONE MILLION of the State Debt. This great Reform was fought by the force of the Democratic Party; a Democratic Governor is to-day repudiated by his party in Pennsylvania because he approved the sale of the Canals; and the whole machinery of that party now directed to crush out every Democrat who favored this beneficent measure. The people must this fall vote to sustain this great Reform or to condemn it. It has made the star of Hope to dawn upon the long-tax-ridden people of Pennsylvania, and they have but to be true to themselves and to the champions of Economy and Reform to secure the certain payment of our crushing Debt.

FRIENDS OF REDUCED TAXES! When the Main Line of our Public Works was sold, our taxes were reduced one-half million upon the dollar, thus relieving the people of Adams county of several thousand dollars annually. Since then we have been gradually paying our enormous Debt, and our taxes would now be reduced still several thousand dollars a year more but for the obstinate refusal of a Democratic Senate to make the reduction last winter. The bill passed the House by an overwhelming vote, but was smothered to death by a Democratic Senate. They were unwilling to admit the glorious fruits of the sale of the Canals, and they loaded the people with taxes rather than confess the wisdom of that Reform.

FRIENDS OF THE RIGHT! The day of battle dawns upon us full of promise. The tide of popular sentiment points unmistakably to a glorious triumph for our Industry, for Economy, for the right of Self-government. Stand but true to your cause, to yourselves, and to your country, and the flag of peaceful Progress, of enlightened Humanity and of universal Prosperity, will wave victoriously "over the land of the free and the home of the brave!"

We Cannot Stand It.

The best illustration which suggests itself to our mind at this time, of the folly of our nation, is that of the man who undertook to fill a barrel by pouring water in at the spigot while it was so placed that the water could escape at the bung-hole, while he was at work.

Reflecting men, read the following and see what it is that makes the money so scarce; that cramps and paralyzes every branch of industry. The amount of specie exported from our country to foreign lands to pay for the products of their labor, while our own people are idle, is really startling. No wonder that business men in our Eastern cities, are daily dreading another crash.

Specie exported in 1852.....\$20,600,000
" " " 1853.....15,225,378
" " " 1854.....29,850,560
" " " 1855.....23,944,750
" " " 1856.....27,160,000
" " " 1857.....35,114,490
" " " 1858.....20,159,230
Thus far " 1859.....57,956,371
The foregoing shows that NINE MONTHS of the present year amount to nearly as much as TWO WHOLE YEARS of the highest sums in the list—considerably more than the TWO LOWEST YEARS. It is the result of the present loco-foco Free Trade laws, which are a curse instead of a blessing. All this might have been averted if old Mr. BUCHANAN, and his party, were truly and honestly what they profess to be when they are coaxing for votes—genuine friends of a Tariff.

It is reported that Stevenson, the celebrated English engineer, received \$225,000 for the plan of the Victoria Bridge at Montreal.

ABBOTTSTOWN.

On Monday afternoon, the People assembled at Abbottstown in considerable number, and were addressed in an impressive manner by Hon. T. E. Cushman and Hon. E. McPherson. The following were the officers—

President—JACOB WOLF, of H.

Vice Presidents—Joseph Kepner, Isaac Wolf, Samuel Metzger, F. W. Grove, J. K. Henry, S. Hafer, Geo. J. Kelly, J. E. Barnitz, Adam Steffen, Martin Steffen, Wm. Galt.

Secretaries—Geo. Hildebrand, Jno. H. Flickinger, Dr. F. W. Vanderschuer, Wm. Hafer, Daniel S. Baker, Jno. M. Wolf, Anthony K. Martin.

HEIDELSBURG.

There was one of the finest meetings of the season at Heidelberg on Tuesday evening. And among the exciting incidents was a gallant band from the York Springs District, with banners. The officers were—

President—JACOB HERNST.

Vice Presidents—Andrew Haverstock, Henry Yeager, Joseph Wierman, Wm. Hewitt, Jacob S. Bowers, Joseph Froelich, Abraham Linah, Michael Fissell, Herman Wierman, Samuel Sailer, Daniel Minnich, Amos Myers, Benjamin Gardner, John P. Becker.

Secretaries—Allen M. Cook, Franklin Wierman, George Mullen, Franklin Herman.

The meeting was addressed by David McConaughy and A. J. Cover, Esquires, and J. F. Gardner, with a very happy effect. All is right there.

ARENDTSTOWN.

On Wednesday afternoon the People assembled in strength at Arendtstown, to give an expression of their warm feelings on the coming election. The officers were as follows—

President—GEO. ARENDT.

Vice Presidents—Capt. Jacob Kieckler, Henry Benner, Jacob P. Lower, Andrew Bittinger, Jacob Sandoe, Samuel Lashaw, George Bear, Martin Boyer, Wm. H. Adams, Geo. S. Thomas, Frederick Wolf.

Secretaries—Conradus B. Haues, Isaac Byers, Jacob Busley, Nicholas Störner, Peter Kime, Peter Taylor.

The meeting was addressed by D. McConaughy, and David A. Buchler, Esq's, in the usual interesting manner of both individuals. That section of country will do its duty on Tuesday.

MIDDLETOWN.

Butler had her meeting on Wednesday evening, and she turned out her good, reliable citizens on the occasion—an earnest of what she will do on Tuesday.

President—HENRY HARTZEL.

Vice Presidents—John Hoover, Frederick Wolf, Cornelius B. Haues, Wm. S. Hamilton, Jacob Peters, John A. Shugh, Wm. Bream, Jacob Kieckler, Daniel D. Gitt, Daniel Walter, George B. Hewitt, Samuel Eyster, Henry Loup, J. W. Schlosser.

Secretaries—Chas. Camp, Solomon Weiden, Samuel Lawver, F. W. Knous.

The speakers were D. McConaughy, and David A. Buchler, Esquires. Everything passed off in the best manner, and we look for a good turnout on Tuesday, and a good majority.

President—HENRY BIESCHER.

Vice Presidents—John Carpenter, Peter Mickley, Adam Biescher, Hugh Elderdie, James Mickley, Jacob Biescher, George Walter.

Secretaries—John Hartman, King McIlhenny, Levi Pitzer, Joseph Bennett.

In the evening of Thursday, an unusually large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Lashaw's, in the same township, at which Mr. Cover and Mr. McConaughy delivered addresses. The following were the officers—

President—VICTOR McILHENY.

Vice Presidents—Henry Biescher, Andrew Heintzleman, James Ewing, Hugh Elderdie, Daniel Polley, George Culp, Joseph Hartzel, Jacob Biescher, Ezekiel Lashaw, George B. Storer, Michael Herring, John P. Baldy, J. King Wilson, Jacob McIlhenny, James Mickley.

Secretaries—Isiah Orr, V. King McIlhenny, John Hartman, Hiram Mickley, C. H. Pulver.

There is a fine spirit abroad among our friends in the country, which will exhibit itself in energetic action on Tuesday next.

THE GREAT OUT-POURING OF THE PEOPLE AT HEIDELSBURG.

Mr. Editor:—The meeting of the People's Party at Heidelberg, on Tuesday evening last, was one long to be remembered. It reminded us of the campaigns of '40 and '44. It was but a prelude to the glorious victory which awaits the People's Party on Tuesday next. The little town of Heidelberg, and township of Tyne, were there in their strength. And here let me say—there are good and noble spirits in Tyne, and she will give a good account of herself on Tuesday next. The Delegate on from the glorious York Springs District was worthy of her palmetto distaff. It was the outpouring of popular feeling—fully demonstrating that the local difficulties in that District are at an end. So look out for Old Huntington and Lashaw—they will be heard in tones of thunder on Tuesday next. The thanks of all are due to Mr. ALLEN M. COOK, for his efforts to entertain the large crowd. He is one of the kind of men who should be Landlords. I cannot close without one word to our noble friend, Mr. JOSEPH KUNKLE, of Huntington, who kindly gave his four-horse team, and carried some fifty persons to the meeting.

OLD HUNTINGTON.

F. B. PICKING has just returned from the Cities with a large and handsome stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which he is now opening at his store in Chambersburg street, opposite Christ Church.

What old Whig will not rejoice at the chance of voting for such gallant Old Whigs as COCHRAN and KEIM?

Frederick Diehl vs. Charles Will.

There is now no doubt that FREDERICK DIEHL did not vote for CHARLES WILL, the Democratic candidate for the Legislature last Fall. THE PROOF IS OVERWHELMING! Mr. Diehl said to ALEXANDER KOSER, JOSEPH BAYLY and DANIEL MICKLEY—all men of the highest integrity and unquestioned veracity—that he did not vote for Charles Will. To Mr. KOSER he so stated this week. If any citizen is yet in doubt, let him ask either one of these gentlemen. And yet the Editor of the Compiler denies it—and says he does so by authority! Which falsifies? The Compiler Editor, or Frederick Diehl? It certainly lies between them!

Bridges Injured!

The Commissioners have made an inspection of the injury done to the County Bridges by the late flood, and find it to be quite heavy. The stone structure across the Conowingo at Cole's saw-mill, is nearly down, and will require a new Bridge immediately. The Bridge near Horner's mill was greatly damaged, but is being repaired. The Bridges at Myers' and Stambugh's mills, near New Chester, also suffered by the washing down of wing walls; indeed, the Bridges in all quarters have been injured more or less. The necessary repairs are, however, being made as speedily as practicable.—Compiler.

More Specie Going.

The steamer Borussia sailed from New York on the 1st for Europe with \$800,000, and another steamer with \$110,500. Thus go our precious metals, to pay for foreign luxuries, and carry out the ruinous policy of the present Administration. But we feel that the present National Administration is a doomed one by the people, as also our Democratic candidate for State Senator, Mr. DOTELAS, who is the open and avowed advocate of that ruinous policy of Free Trade.

Friends of the best interests of your country.

be at your posts on the 11th, and give your unqualified disapprobation by your votes to the ruinous policy of Mr. Buchanan's administration, which has been bringing destruction to our country. Give your energies to the election of COCHRAN, KEIM, McCLURE, DUBROW, and the whole of the People's Ticket. The beneficial results of the success of the People's party will be great and enduring. One day to your country's good will be but a small sacrifice for the time bestowed by you in aiding to regenerate your Country, your State, and the whole country!

DEATH FROM THE BITE OF A RATTLESNAKE.

Dr. Nathan Myers, a botanic physician, of Richmond, Va., was bitten by a rattlesnake on Sunday morning about nine o'clock, and died in a few hours. The dispatch says: The doctor had two venomous reptiles in one box, and on taking one of them by the tail to transfer it to a separate cage, was bitten on the right fore-finger, near the knuckle joint. Instead of resorting to the "whiskey remedy," or sending it once for a physician, he procured the services of a barber and had nearly a gallon of blood taken from his right arm. This, however, did not allay the swelling, and several physicians were called in to attend him. They promptly administered whiskey in large doses, and ammonia, but the poison had become infused throughout the system; the arm and hand continued to swell and seemed speckled and blue, and the patient's sufferings became almost insupportable. At half past one o'clock Mr. Meyer died. He was about fifty-five years of age, and was a native of Wittenberg, Germany, where, it is stated, he leaves a family. The snakes, for which the doctor lately paid \$10, were killed by pouring boiling water on them.—One had eight and the other twelve rattles.

The other Richmond papers state that the doctor did at first resort to the "whiskey remedy," but immediately after resorted to the egregious error of having himself bled.

A Man Living Five Days with a Broken Neck.

The Louisville Journal says: Some two weeks since, an elderly German fell during the night down a steep flight of steps and struck the side of his head against the wall at the landing. He was taken up insensible and carried to his room. It was found, on examination, when he became conscious, that he was paralyzed in all those parts of his body below the neck, and that his neck was broken. He remained in this condition something over five days, conversing freely with his attendants, and describing to them all the sensations which he had. His attending surgeons, Drs. Thum and Goldsmith, we believe, made an attempt to set the neck, but were obliged to desist, on account of suffocation coming on whenever the head was brought into its natural position. Between the fifth and sixth days, the nurse undertook to move him for the purpose of changing his linen, and in doing so the head was unwittingly turned instantly. But for this accident, there is no telling how long he might have lived. Altogether, the case is a most extraordinary one, and no doubt will, in due time, be published authoritatively in some medical journal.

The Empress Dowager of Russia is an economical old lady.

When she passed through Basle, Switzerland, two years ago, she thought the hotel bill exorbitant, and this year she took care to dine with her, and had her dinner served in the railway refreshment room. For one night's lodging for herself and suite, the Basle boniface charged her \$3,400.

An immense lager-beer brewery was burned in New York a few days ago.

The loss about \$300,000—insurance \$110,000. The machinery in it was capable of manufacturing 500 barrels of beer per day.

We are tempted to announce that Messrs. COVER & KUNN will supply their customers with all kinds of Liquors—wholesale and retail.

Maj. Samuel Lohr has sold his farm, 100 acres, in Franklin township, to Mr. Eli Hartman, for \$5,000.

THE MISSOURI STAMPEDE.—There are upwards of four hundred slaves leaving Missouri every week, nearly all of whom go South. This movement in the slave market is occasioned partly by the high prices obtained, and partly by causes having no reference to prices. The money market in Missouri, has already received sensible relief from this source.

MEDICAL IMPOSSIBILITIES.

For a long time certain classes of diseases have baffled the skill and practice of the most eminent members of the regular medical faculty. Foremost among these was the disease of the lungs, known as Consumption, or Phthisis. It was a disease which, once contracted, was almost invariably fatal. It was a disease which, once contracted, was almost invariably fatal. It was a disease which, once contracted, was almost invariably fatal.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S "Coleridge's Female Pills." Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This well known medicine is an infallible, but a safe and sure remedy for female debility and obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

Married.

On the evening of the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. R. Warner, assisted by Rev. Prof. Jacobs, D.D., Rev. JOHN A. BARNETT, late of the Theological Seminary, at Gettysburg, to Miss JULIA C., eldest daughter of S. S. McCauley, Esq., of Gettysburg.

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. J. R. Keiser, Mr. WM. H. GUMMEY, of Waynesboro', Franklin county, Pa., to Miss JANE FISHER, of the county.

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. WM. F. YEATIS, to Miss SARAH ANN HARRIS, both of Mendall township.

On the 6th inst., by the same, Mr. DAVID CLINE, of Mendall township, to Miss LEAH PLANK, of Huntington township.

On the 6th of July last, by the same, Mr. CHARLES R. BUSHY, to Miss MARY ANN THOMPSON, both of the same.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JACOB P. RICE, to Miss ELIZABETH JANE SLAYBAUGH, both of Mendall township.

On the evening of the 3d inst., by Rev. Henry G. DILL, Mr. WM. D. YINGLING, of Baltimore, to Miss EMMA J. WEIKERT, of Littleton, Pa.

Died.

On Friday morning, October 7, EPHRAIM MARTIN, Esq., one of our old and respected citizens, aged about 71 years.

On the 21st ult., in this county, MARIA ELLEN TRACY, aged 10 years 4 months and 1 day, died on the 23rd ult., JACOB HENRY YEAH, aged 10 years 4 months and 4 days. These children were twins, and died but two days apart.

On the 26th ult., at her residence, at Marsh Creek Mills, Adams county, Pa., Mrs. LIDDE MYERS, aged 39 years, 7 months and 23 days.

On the 30th ult., at the residence, ADAM WOLFOED, in the 27th year of his age, and on the following day, his step son, JACOB STARRY, aged nearly 8 years.

On Monday, Sept. 28, in Benderville, Mrs. EYCATHERINE BENDER, consort of Jacob Bender, deceased, aged 68 years 7 months and 2 days.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.	
Superior Flour.....	\$5 00
Wheat.....	1 00 to 1 15
Corn, old Yellow.....	80 to 85
Rye.....	82 to 88
Oats.....	28 to 30
Cloverseed.....	3 25 to 3 75
Hay.....	2 75 to 2 85
Hay (in bundles).....	2 75 to 4 12
Do. (loose).....	15 00 to 17 00
Do. (loose).....	13 00 to 15 00
YORK—FRIDAY LAST.	
Flour, per Barrel.....	1 75
Wheat, per Bushel.....	1 00 to 1 10
Rye.....	75 to 80
Oats.....	25 to 30
Clover.....	3 25 to 3 75
Clover Seed.....	4 50 to 5 00
Timothy Seed.....	1 50 to 1 70
Flax Seed.....	1 25
Barley.....	60
Out.....	30
Plaster of Paris, per ton.....	6 50
BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.	
Flour.....	\$4 90 to 5 00
Wheat.....	1 08 to 1 38
Rye.....	88 to 90
Corn.....	82 to 88
Oats.....	28 to 30
Cloverseed.....	3 25 to 3 75
Hay.....	2 75 to 2 85
Hay (in bundles).....	2 75 to 4 12
Do. (loose).....	15 00 to 17 00
Do. (loose).....	13 00 to 15 00
YORK—FRIDAY LAST.	
Flour, per Barrel.....	1 75
Wheat, per Bushel.....	1 00 to 1 10
Rye.....	75 to 80
Oats.....	25 to 30
Clover.....	3 25 to 3 75
Clover Seed.....	4 50 to 5 00
Timothy Seed.....	1 50 to 1 70
Flax Seed.....	1 25
Barley.....	60
Out.....	30
Plaster of Paris, per ton.....	6 50

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election, are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office, in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive Blank Assessment Duplicates, and the necessary instructions, as follows:—The Assessors of Union, Conowingo, Berwick and Berwick Borough, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban and Mountjoy, will attend on Wednesday the 19th of Oct., next, and the Assessors for the Borough of Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamilton, Franklin, Butler, Shenando, Tyne, Union and Lashaw, will attend on Thursday the 20th of Oct., next. By order of the Commissioners, J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

MILLINERY REMOVED.

MISS S. C. HOWARD would respectfully inform the Ladies of Gettysburg and of the country, that they will find her in Chambersburg street, opposite Mr. Becker's Drug Store, at the residence of Mr. Eckenrode.

Notice.

GEO. E. BUEHLER, having disposed of his stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware to SHERMAN & KURTZ, is desirous of closing up his books as speedily as possible, and therefore requests those indebted to him to call and settle their accounts. He can be found at all times in the basement of the Ware-house of the above named firm, on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets. He hopes and respectfully requests his customers, who have hitherto so liberally patronized him, to give their patronage to the parties in whose employ he will hereafter be engaged.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

To Teachers and Directors.

YOU are hereby notified that I will visit the following places for the purpose of examining Teachers, on the days mentioned: Hamilton, on the 10th, at 10 A. M.; Berwick, on the 11th, at 10 A. M.; Conowingo, on the 12th, at 10 A. M.; Oxford, New Oxford, Oct. 13, at 10 A. M.; Reading, Hampton, Oct. 13, at 10 A. M.; Huntingdon and Lashaw, Petersburg, Oct. 14, at 10 A. M.; Straban, Huntingdon, Oct. 15, at 10 A. M.; Tyne, Heidelberg, Oct. 15, at 10 A. M.; Union and Germany, Littlestown, Oct. 17, at 10 A. M.; Mountjoy, Two Taverns, Oct. 18, at 10 A. M.; Cumberland, Schriver's Tavern, Oct. 18, at 10 A. M.; Freedom, Moritz's, Oct. 19, at 10 A. M.; Liberty, School house No. 1, Oct. 19, at 2 P. M.; Littleton, Fairfield, Oct. 20, at 10 A. M.; Franklin, Cuthbert, Oct. 20, at 10 A. M.; Butler, Middlestown, Oct. 21, at 10 A. M.; Mountpleasant, Berwick, Oct. 21, at 10 A. M.; Mountpleasant, Bush Run S. House, Oct. 22, at 10 A. M.

Notice to Farmers.

THE highest market price will be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Barley, Cloverseed, Timothy Seed, Hay, &c., at the large yellow Ware-house, near York, Oct. 10.

Still a Few More Good Farms

IN MARKET.—I will sell from 50 to 200 Acres, in tracts to suit purchasers. They are well supplied with wood, water, fruit trees and good Meadows. Any quantity of hay can be seen in the stacks. These properties lie from 1 to 2 miles east of Gettysburg. For terms call on the subscriber. JOSEPH WIBLE, Oct. 8.

Valuable Town Property

A PRIVATE SALE.—I will sell at Private Sale, the property in Chambersburg street, known as the TEMPERANCE HOUSE. Terms accommodating. GEO. ARNOLD, Gettysburg, Sept. 19.

For Sale.

A HOUSE AND LOT, in Huntingdon, Adams county. The building is a two-story FRAME BUILDING, very convenient, has nine rooms. There is a very good Stable on it, large enough to hold 4 or 5 animals; carriage shed, hog-pen, &c. The terms will be made known on application to Col. JAMES L. NEELY, near Huntingdon. HANNAH F. NEELY, Sept. 19.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

NEW OXFORD, PA. WILL be sold at private sale this popular House, located in the beautiful town of New Oxford. It fronts on Centre Square, 90 feet, and runs back 35 feet, with a Back-building attached, containing some 30 rooms, and an excellent Stabling, with a never-failing well of water at the door. This property will be sold at a bargain, if application be made soon. The reason for selling is, the intention of the proprietor to move west. Address the undersigned proprietor, who will give every information. G. F. BECKER, New Oxford, Oct. 8.

Just in Season!

GIVE US A CALL!—The undersigned have just received from the cities an immense stock of CLOTHES, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, VESTINGS in all varieties, &c., suitable for the season, which they offer to the public at unprecedentedly low rates.

Assets.

Loans and Discounts.....	\$270,117 31
Specie.....	41,233 16
Due by other Banks.....	46,412 53
Notes of other Banks.....	5,404 58
Stocks.....	905 74
Judgments.....	15,008 29
Bonds.....	5,563 17
Real Estate.....	6,400 00
Circulation.....	\$397,103 71

Liabilities.

Deposits.....	172,423 00
Due to other Banks.....	26,075 43
Capital \$145,150.....	5,095 33
I, T. D. CARSON, Cashier of the Bank of Gettysburg, being advised, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.	\$264,105 76

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED proposals will be received at the Office of the Commissioners of Adams county, until 2 o'clock P. M., on Saturday next, 13th day of October, next, for building a Wood Bridge across Great Conowingo Creek, upon the site of the old Stone Bridge, near Cole's Saw-mill, on the Shippensburg road. The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span 50 feet long.

Real Estate Agency.

THE undersigned has made arrangements to open in Gettysburg an AGENCY for the sale of REAL ESTATE, to which he invites the attention of persons wishing to sell or purchase Farms or Real Estate. I have provided a Book in which will be registered (for a reasonable charge) a general description of such properties as parties wish to dispose of at private sale. This Register will be open to those desirous of purchasing properties, free of charge. Sincerely to ownership, terms, &c., will be invariably observed, when desired. Properties will also be extensively advertised under special contract.

Plainfield Nurseries.

YORK SPRINGS, ADAMS CO., PA. A GOOD supply of FRUIT, SHADE, and ORNAMENTAL Trees for sale at these long established Nurseries. FRUIT TREES—RETAIL PRICES. Apple Trees, averaging 8 feet in height, 12 cts per tree; Peach Trees, averaging from 5 to 8 feet in height, 10 and 12 cts; Plum, Apricot, Cherry, &c. &c. from 37 1/2 to 50 cts. Pear (Dwarf) and Standard from 50 to 75 cts.

Shade Trees.

Silver-leaved Maple, 12 feet & upwards, 25 cts. Silver Birch (Silver-Jeep) Poplar, 25 cts. European Linden, from 75 cts. to 1.00. EVERGREENS. Arbor Vitae, Norway Fir, Balsam Fir, Double White Spruce, &c., at 25 cts. per foot in height. The subscriber will be glad to supply his old friends and customers, and the public generally, with any of the above named Trees that they may want during the planting season. Oct. 3.—td

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of MARY ANN SCHEPHER, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Heidelberg township, York county, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same to present and demand the same, properly authenticated, for settlement. GEO. ARNOLD, Adm'r. Sept. 19.

House and Lot for Sale.

I WILL sell a small DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, in Chambersburg street, Adams county, Pa., also, several Building Lots in the Borough of Gettysburg. GEO. ARNOLD, Gettysburg, Sept. 5.

Stoves for Sale.

A FEW STOVES on hand and for sale by GEO. ARNOLD, Gettysburg, Sept. 5.

PUBLIC SALE.

ABOUT to give up house-keeping, I will sell at Public Sale, on Thursday the 13th day of October, inst., THE HOUSE AND LOT now owned in Fairfield, Adams county, together with all the Furniture, Bookcases, Tables, Chairs, Sofa, Cupboard, and Furniture; Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedclothes, such as Quilts, Blankets, Sheets, Sacking bottoms, Table Cloths, Napkins, Wash Stands, with their Bows and Pitchers, Churn, Dough-press, a Cook-stove and its Fixings, one ten-plate Stove, Tub, Buckets, Cooking Apparatus generally, Looking-glass, Pictures and Picture-frames, a large lot of Carpet entirely new, Shovel and Tongs, a quantity of HAY, the Vegetables in the garden, Meat-balls, also my LIBRARY, containing very valuable Books.

Notice to Farmers.

THE highest market price will be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Barley, Cloverseed, Timothy Seed, Hay, &c., at the large yellow Ware-house, near York, Oct. 10.

FOR SALE.

A VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.—This Farm is situated on the Monocacy River, containing 121 Acres and 70 Perches, more or less. 121 Acres of which are covered with Timber, and about 20 Acres of Meadow.

At Private Sale.

A VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.—This Farm is situated on the Monocacy River, containing 121 Acres and 70 Perches, more or less. 121 Acres of which are covered with Timber, and about 20 Acres of Meadow.

Valuable Town Property

A PRIVATE SALE.—I will sell at Private Sale, the property in Chambersburg street, known as the TEMPERANCE HOUSE. Terms accommodating. GEO. ARNOLD, Gettysburg, Sept. 19.

For Sale.

A HOUSE AND LOT, in Huntingdon, Adams county. The building is a two-story FRAME BUILDING, very convenient, has nine rooms. There is a very good Stable on it, large enough to hold 4 or 5 animals; carriage shed, hog-pen, &c. The terms will be made known on application to Col. JAMES L. NEELY, near Huntingdon. HANNAH F. NEELY, Sept. 19.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

NEW OXFORD, PA. WILL be sold at private sale this popular House, located in the beautiful town of New Oxford. It fronts on Centre Square, 90 feet, and runs back 35 feet, with a Back-building attached, containing some 30 rooms, and an excellent Stabling, with a never-failing well of water at the door. This property will be sold at a bargain, if application be made soon. The reason for selling is, the intention of the proprietor to move west. Address the undersigned proprietor, who will give every information. G. F. BECKER, New Oxford, Oct. 8.

Just in Season!

GIVE US A CALL!—The undersigned have just received from the cities an immense stock of CLOTHES, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, VESTINGS in all varieties, &c., suitable for the season, which they offer to the public at unprecedentedly low rates.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have entered into Partnership in the Hardware and Grocery business, at the Old stand of DANNEBERG & ZIEGLER, in Baltimore street, under the name and style of DANNEBERG & ZIEGLER, Jr., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the Old Firm, as well as any quantity of new custom.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting, in part, of—

Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, etc., etc.

Tools, including Edge Tools, every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Gauges, Hammers, etc., etc.

Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vises, Ropes, Files, Horse-shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, etc., with them, very cheap.

Cash Findings, such as Cloth, Canvas, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil-cloth, Springs, Axes, Hobs, Spikes, Follies, Bows, Poles, Stairs, etc., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lisle, Bonnet-strings, with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet-maker's Tools—a general assortment; also, Varnish, Knives, etc., etc.

Housekeepers will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Cast-irons, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Sad-irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Carpenters, etc., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Foreign and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrup, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, fine sugar, and dairy Salt, Lard, Fish and Spices Oil, Turpentine, Fish, etc.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil, and Fire-proof Safes, of all sizes, and every article in the Hardware, Coach Findings, Shoe, Tinsmith, House-keeping, Blacksmith, Cabinet-maker, Painters, and Groceries line, all of which they are determined to sell as low for cash as any house out of the City.

HENRY B. DANNEBERG, WASHINGTON ZIEGLER, Jr., Gettysburg, May 24.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC.

SAMUEL G. COOK

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he still continues the Tinware business at the old stand, directly opposite Mr. Wattle's "Globe Inn," in York street, where he has constantly on hand every variety of TIN WARE, which is used, and will promptly make to order any thing in his line. He invites a call, confident he can please. He also attends promptly to SPOUTING of Houses and Barns, as also to TIN ROOFING—all executed in the best manner.

STOVE PIPE, of all sizes, made to order. WANTED—Old Copper, Brass and Pewter. Gettysburg, Feb. 14.

New Livery Establishment.

CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery Establishment, at the tables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hacks, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed. A. T. TATE, Cashier.

TIME! TIME! TIME!!!

THE undersigned have a large assortment of goods, by which they will be able to supply LINEN in any quantity, at the lowest prices. They are ready to receive orders. SHEARS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

Hour and Feed.

THE undersigned will hereafter constantly keep on hand a supply of FLOUR & FEED, of the best quality. His arrangements with those who supply him, will enable him to sell cheaper than it can be had elsewhere. Those who want to buy the best and cheapest Flour will call at the store of BOYER & SON.

Apple Pears.

THE celebrated "Bay State Apple Pear"—which pears, cuts and cores at one time—for sale by SHEARS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

SOAP STONE GRINDERS, for taking Soap Cakes, for sale at the Store Ware Room of Shears, Buehlere & Kurtz. These grinders are made with the use of grease in the baking of middle cakes, and are coming into general use. They are adapted, in size, to any Stone.

FENCING BOARDS, best quality, for sale by SHEARS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

COATS—Cats of Cloth, Cassimere, Cashmere, Tweeds, Dark Linens, etc., etc., at astonishingly low prices at PICKING'S.

BLACKSMITH COAL—Best Brand Top, for sale by S. B. & K.

PANTS, PANTS, PANTS.

OF EVERY quality, from superior Cassimere, down to Cottonade. To secure bargains call at PICKING'S.

REMEMBER that Picking is celebrated for selling cheap Superiors, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Hair and Shoe Brushes, Violins, Accordeons, Pipes, Flutes, and in fact every thing in the notion and musical way. Don't forget the place opposite the Church in Chambersburg Street.

NAILS—A large lot of Nail Nails, all sizes, and the best quality manufactured very low for Cash, at DANNEBERG & ZIEGLER, Jr.

KEEP DRY—Underlaths in endless variety, as cheap as usual at Picking's Store.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO—A large supply of all kinds, just received at J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

WORKED FLOORING, best quality, for sale at the yard of Shears, Buehlere & Kurtz. Also, Sash, of every size, Doors, Shutters, Blinds, etc.

ANY QUANTITY of VESTS—underlaths, Vests, Vests, Silk, Cotton, Cloth, etc., and in fact every variety of the kind to be had cheaper than ever at PICKING'S.

POUR AND FEND—all kinds of Lard, of the best quality and sold at the lowest prices, at NORRICK & MARTIN'S.

HOUSE SPOUTING—all kinds of Lard, of the best quality and sold at the lowest prices, at NORRICK & MARTIN'S.

WALNUT PLANK WANTED—Persons having Walnut Plank to sell will do well by calling at the following place of SHEARS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS THIS WAY.

WE have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse on Corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive all kinds of produce, viz:

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Seeds, &c., also have for sale Salt, Gunpowder, Plaster, Fish, &c., also a large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Tea, Rice, Oil, Spices of all kinds, Cedar ware, &c., &c., also, Breng, Fried, & Co's Celebrated Vegetable Cattle Powder. Merchants will do well by calling and examining our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits." Wholesale and Retail. Hoping by strict attention to business and a desire to share a part of public patronage.

KLINFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO. Gettysburg, Nov. 15.

THE CARS ARE COMING!

At Things are Ready!

THE undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his old country friends—farmers and merchants—as well as the citizens of Gettysburg, and the rest of mankind, that his new and commodious Warehouse is now open, and that he is receiving

Grain and Produce of all kinds, for which he is paying the highest market prices, and while the public are dispossessed of their produce at the lowest prices, they can be supplied in return with Groceries, Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Rice, &c., &c., also, Gunpowder, Plaster, Oil, Cedar ware and a thousand other things not here mentioned. Wholesale, Retail, and cheap as the cheapest is our motto. If the people consult their own interests, and act wisely, they will not forget the undersigned. Hoping the familiar faces of all my old customers will meet me again, and with them many new ones, I shall endeavor to please them.

JOHN HOKE, Gettysburg, Nov. 22.

WALL PAPER.

WE have just received from the City a large assortment of WALL PAPER and WINDOW BLINDS of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest rates possible. We have also the best and cheapest articles of Window Blind Frames, which are in the market.

We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESSES, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.

JOHN HOKE, Gettysburg, Nov. 22.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!

R. F. McILHENY, the public to his large stock of Wall Paper, and announces to his friends and customers, that he has made arrangements to have on hand a full and complete line of Samples from 8 cents up to 50 cents a roll—so that persons failing to be suited with his large stock on hand, can select from his Sample Book and be furnished with paper at any price and in any quantity in two or three days notice.

Jan. 24.

FLOUR & COMMISSION HOUSE,

NO. 101, N. HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE. (ESTABLISHED A. D. 1785.)

WE take this means of reminding our friends in Adams and the neighboring Counties, that we still carry on business at our old Warehouse, where we are prepared to purchase or receive on consignment COUNTRY PRODUCE, especially FLOUR and GRAY. Our favorable location, together with our extensive facilities for forwarding goods being on the line of the Railroad, warrant us in hoping that we shall be able, not only to retain our old customers, but also to extend our business in this section of country.

PETER SAUERWEIN & SON, Baltimore, Dec. 6.

C. W. SLAGLE & CO.

Commission and Produce Merchants, Nos. 113 & 188 North Street, Baltimore.

BEING established in the Commission business for a number of years, they solicit consignments, and pay particular attention to the sale of GRAIN of all kinds, Flour, Clover Seed, Whiskey and Country Produce generally. We remit proceeds promptly. Tracks from the Northern Central Railroad run into our Warehouse.

Refer to Klingebiel, Stritz & Co., Gettysburg; and E. B. Buehler, Esq., Jan. 3.

REMOVAL.

Alexander Frazer, CLOAK AND HAT-MAKER.

HAS removed his shop to the room on the West side of the Public Square, lately occupied by David A. Buehler, Esq., as a Law Office, where he will always be happy to extend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, April 4.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

ISRAEL YOUNG, Proprietor.

CORNER of Railroad and Carlisle Streets, immediately opposite the Passenger Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. This new House, recently opened, is now one of the most convenient and best furnished Houses in the interior of the State.

Charges reasonable.

Feb. 14.

BOYER & BAKER'S

Celebrated Sausages.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

435 Broadway, New York.

A NEW STYLE—Patrons from \$50 to \$125. HENNESSY \$5 Extra.

THIS machine sews from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; it Hems, Fells, Gathers, and Stitches in a superior style, finishing each seam by its own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. It will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for one cent an hour. Send for a circular.

FAIRBANKS BROS. Agents, Jan. 20.

CLOTHS—Cassimere, and every article men's wear, good and cheap at J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

SHAWLS! Shawls!—at SCHICK'S.

Printed Cashmere Shawls, Stola, Crapo Thibet, Delaine.

WILCOX'S Gum Spring Grain Drill, for sale at the Agricultural Warehouse.

SHEARS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

SOCKS—Superiors, Cravats and Handkerchiefs, at PICKING'S.

JEWELRY—Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicas, eight-day thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices to be had at SAMSON'S.

Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court House.

WM. B. MCLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

D. MC CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Drug & Book Store, Chambersburg street).

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR.

For Persons and Patents.

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

A. J. COVER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILL promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Falmouth and Danner and Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5.]

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILL attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care with promptness. Office nearly opposite Falmouth's Store, Baltimore street.

April 4.

J. THORNE CLARKSON,

Attorney & Counselor-at-Law, PORTLAND BLOCK, Chicago, Illinois.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg street, opposite P. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D. Prof. Muhlenberg, Prof. M. Jacobs, M. L. Stoeber, H. L. Baugher, Dr. H. S. Huber.

DR. A. W. DORSEY,

CORNER of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

REFERENCES.

Prof. Nathan C. Smith, Baltimore, Md. Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore, Md. Dr. J. L. Wardlaw, Dr. W. A. Stahms, Jacob Bantz, Esq., John K. Langwell, Esq., Geo. H. Wampler, Esq., Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg, Oct. 25.

Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery,

NORTH-EAST Corner of the Diamond (in the upper story of the Old County Building recently purchased by Col. Shannon) Gettysburg. The undersigned, having fitted up the above named Gallery, with the intention of locating a FIRST CLASS establishment, are now prepared to furnish the best Ambrotype and Photographic Likenesses in the latest styles, by new and improved processes. Having had several years' experience in Philadelphia, they feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. They have constructed one of the best Sky-lights in the country, which, with the best instruments and materials, cannot fail to produce, at all times, superior work. Ambrotypes, Stereotypes, Melanotypes, and Patent Leather Pictures, on the most reasonable terms, in cases or frames, of the latest patterns and best quality. PHOTOGRAPHS—This style of picture has become the favorite in cities, on account of its life-like appearance and perfect durability; being put up in neat gilded frames of various sizes, more acceptable as family portraits than the smaller pictures. They have not been generally introduced until recently, in consequence of the difficulty of their production, and the necessity of long and tedious sittings, which have been overcome by P. J. Dore's new improved process. The advantage of the use of which we hold for Adams County. The time of sitting has now been reduced from minutes to a few seconds, and greater beauty and perfection given to the likenesses. They possess the important advantage over other pictures, viz:—from one sitting you may have as many photographs as you desire without further trouble to the sitter, and all as perfect as the first impression. These pictures are furnished Plain, finished in India Ink, Water or Oil Colors.

Life Size Photographs, finished in Oil, superior to all others. Extra Large Photographs—Persons having small daguerotypes of deceased friends, can have them enlarged by this process—and finished superior to the original, thereby rendering them more life-like and durable. Pictures set in Lockets, Rings, &c., &c. All pictures warranted to give satisfaction, or a refund. Open from 2 o'clock, A. M., until 6 P. M. TYSON & BROTHERS, PHOTOGRAPHERS.

SUNBEAM GALLERY.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one square west of Falmouth's Store, where he is prepared to furnish

AMBRO, MELANOTYPE, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES, in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with GOOD PICTURES, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Bringham & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures.

All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present hard times.

Photographers being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them that as hereafter they shall not be dissatisfied.

Charges from 50 cts. to \$10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

Children will not be taken for less than \$1.00.

AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

MAY 3.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

TO GET the worth of your money, and the right change back, make your purchases at the cheap Store of A. SCOTT & SON, May 23. Opposite the Eagle Hotel.

DOMESTIC GOODS, of every variety, at SCHICK'S, consisting of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Sheetings, &c., &c.

CEDAR WARE—A large assortment at reduced prices at FAIRBANKS BROS.

FRESH FRUITS, GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &c.

Fruits.—Fruits of every description, as follows:—Lemon Raisins, Fig Raisins, hard and paper shell Almonds, Peanuts, &c.

Groceries.—A good assortment of Sugars:—Loaf, Brown, Powdered and Granulated, Coffee, N. O. Molasses, Syrup of the best quality, Rice, Soda, Starch, Tea, Cinnamon, (ground and unground), Cloves, Mustard, &c.

Perfumery.—Perfumery of every description, which will be sold low for Cash.

Lemon Syrup.—A large lot just received. Any one desiring a cheap, pleasant and healthy drink will do well by purchasing this Syrup.

Tobacco.—All the various kinds of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, for sale by Wm. Boyer & Son.

Vinegar.—We have a good quality, as all will say who have tried it.

W. M. BOYER & SON.

July 13.

Wholesale and Retail LIQUOR STORE.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have opened a new LIQUOR STORE on Railroad street, south side, and midway between the Passenger and Freight Depot, and have made arrangements to keep constantly on hand a full supply of all kinds of LIQUORS:—FOREIGN & DOMESTIC, such as Brandy, Wines, Holland and Domestic Gins, Old Rye and Refined Whiskey, Champagne, Ginger Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Cordials, Kimmel, Anise and Wines of every grade.

The above liquors will be furnished at the most reasonable rates and warranted good. By strict attention to business and an effort to please, we hope to merit the patronage of the public.

All orders promptly attended to.

Feb. 23.—if COVER & KUHN.

To the Farmers of Adams Co.

THE undersigned has been appointed Agent for the sale of Willoughby's Celebrated Gum Spring Grain Drill, by Daniel Strook, of Chambersburg, Pa., who manufactures them. These Drills are highly recommended by all who have used them, and always prove satisfactory. I will have a number of these machines at Millersburg, Gettysburg, and other places in the County, where Farmers are invited to call and see.

ROBERT S. PAXTON, Agent.

June 27.

Here We are Again!

JUST from the city with the best and cheapest assortment of SYRUPS and MOLASSES that we have yet offered, calculated to please all persons in quality and prices:—SUGARS, a very large stock, low; COFFEES, TEAS, Chocolate, Rice, Cheese, Spices, (all kinds), Crackers and Tea Cakes, Vinegar, Pickles, Sugar cured HAM and SHOULDER, Lard, Shad, Mackerel and Herrings, Salt, Cedar-ware, Tubs, Buckets, &c.; all kinds of Canned Concentrated Lard; Extra and Superior FLOUR; all kinds of Feed; Potatoes, Fresh Butter and Eggs constantly on hand; Fancy Goods, Confectionaries and Fruit. Give us a call. It affords us pleasure to show our large and inviting stock.

NORRICK & MARTIN.

Gettysburg, June 6.

Lace Caps.

MANTILLAS, &c.—Another new arrival purchased at Auction at reduced prices, and which will be sold at rates that defy competition. Our stock of Caps and Mantillas is the largest ever kept in the county, and for style and cheapness, it only requires an examination to induce those wishing the article to purchase. A large and general assortment of all kinds of Ladies' DRESS GOODS always on hand, to which we are constantly making additions.

FAIRBANKS BROS., Sign of the Red Front.

Cooking Stoves.

INCLUDING Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Wm. Penn, Philadelphia, Sanctorio, Baltimore, Air Tight, Sea Shell, Christopher Columbus, Range of every kind, Farmers' Boilers, Charcoal Furnaces, etc., etc., for sale at the Store Ware Room of S. B. & K.

More New Goods at COBBAN & CULP'S—All the new styles of Hats and Shoes, Trunks, Carpet-bags, Umbrellas, Wall-paper, Window Blinds, Saddles, Bridles, Pistols, Buggy Harness, &c., Cheap for cash at the Sign of the BIG BOOT.

June 27.

A Fresh Assortment of Goods RECEIVED AT KLINGEBIEL'S.

THE subscriber has just returned from the City with another and most splendid assortment of GOODS for Gentlemen's Wear—to which he calls the attention of the Public. He has selected his goods with great care, and will sell them at the lowest prices, and with the greatest promptness. He desires all who desire to be well fitted with good, genteel Spring and Fall Clothing, to give him a call. He cannot be excelled in the town. Every one, therefore, who desires a Bargain, should call with him at his Merchant Tailoring Establishment in Carlisle street, next door to McConaughy's Hall.

April 4. JACOB REININGER.

Old Dominion Coffee Pot.

A DESIRABLE improvement in making a coffee, by which one-fourth less coffee is required, and a stronger and more highly flavored beverage is made. You can boil coffee in it for any length of time without one particle of the strength or aroma escaping. Those fond of a good cup of coffee, and at the same time wishing to save one-fourth the expense should call at once and buy an Old Dominion Coffee Pot at the cheap store of FAIRBANKS BROS.

Nov. 29.

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned have opened a Lumber Yard, at their Ware-house, corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, where they now have LUMBER on hand and will constantly keep a large assortment, to which they ask the attention of buyers. Their prices are as low as the lowest, and no efforts spared to accommodate.

A. L. KLINBERG, BOLLINGER & CO., March 28.

Groceries! Groceries!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—Molasses and Sugar by the barrel, Coffee by the sack, and all kinds of Groceries, either by the quantity or in small amounts, at prices that defy competition. Call at once at April 4. FAIRBANKS BROS.

Wanted Immediately.